

## "I Followed Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Now I am Well."



A woman is sick—some disease peculiar to her sex is fast developing in her system. She goes to her family physician and tells him a story, but not the whole story.

She holds back something, loses her head, becomes agitated, forgets what she wants to say, and finally conceals what she ought to have told, and this completely mystifies the doctor.

Is it a wonder, therefore, that the doctor fails to cure the disease? Still we cannot blame the woman, for it is very embarrassing to detail some of the symptoms of her suffering, even to her family physician. This is the reason why hundreds of thousands of women are now in correspondence with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. To her they can give every symptom, so that when she is ready to advise them she is in possession of more facts from her correspondence with the patient than the physician can possibly obtain through a personal interview.

Following we publish a letter from a woman showing the result of a correspondence with Mrs. Pinkham. All such letters are considered absolutely confidential by Mrs. Pinkham, and are never published in any way or manner without the consent in writing of the patient; but hundreds of women are so grateful for the health which Mrs. Pinkham and her medicine have been able to restore to them that they not only consent to publishing their letters, but write asking that this be done in order that other women who suffer may be benefited by their experience.

Mrs. Ella Rice, Chelsea, Wis., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For two years I was troubled with falling and inflammation of the womb. I suffered very much with bearing-down pains, headache, backache, and was not able to do anything. What I endured no one knows but those who have suffered as I did. I could hardly drag myself across the floor. I doctored with the physicians of this town for three months and grew worse instead of better. My husband and friends wished me to write to you, but I had no faith in patent medicines. At last I became so bad that I concluded to ask your advice. I received an answer at once advising me to take your Vegetable Compound, and I did so. Before I had taken two bottles I felt better, and after I had taken five bottles there was no happier woman on earth, for I was well again. I know that your Vegetable Compound cured me, and I wish to advise every woman who suffers as I did to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Believe me always grateful for the recovery of my health."—Mrs. ELLA RICE, Chelsea, Wis.

**\$5000 REWARD** Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

**A CERTAIN CURE FOR SORE, WEAK & INFLAMED EYES.**  
**MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE**  
MAKES THE USE OF DRUGS UNNECESSARY. Price, 25 Cents Druggists.

## IN 3 OR 4 YEARS AN IMPROVED ASSURED

**WESTERN CANADA FREE**  
If you take up your home in Western Canada the land of plenty, illustrated pamphlets, giving experiences of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to J. S. Crawford, 214 W. Ninth St., Kansas City, Mo.

**DR. O. PHELPS BROWN'S PRECIOUS HERBAL OINTMENT**  
It cures through the pores. Address: Dr. O. P. Brown, 99 Broadway, Newburgh, N. Y.

**PISO'S CURE FOR GOUT WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS**  
Best Gout Cure. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

It's easy enough for a man to be satisfied with his lot when it is centrally located in a large city.

The best Ball Blue is Red Cross brand. Large 2-oz. package 5 cents.

Some people don't know very much, and what little they do know they are not altogether sure of.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.**  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There's one thing about castles in the air. You don't have to pay any rent for them.

**Baseball players:** Golf players: all players chew White's Yucatan whilst playing. It takes rocks to build a brick house.

When a man goes without his dinner to do you a favor place his name at the top of your list of friends.

A man may put on airs all his life and end out heirs in his will.

## THE CHINESE SITUATION

Was Considered by The Cabinet on Their Return Trip.

### STILL FIRM ON INDEMNITY.

Washington, May 28.—On the way back to Washington the president and members of the cabinet are devoting a good deal of time to the consideration of the Chinese situation. The declaration of the other powers to join in the suggestion of the United States with regard to scaling down the indemnity demanded of China, was a great disappointment, though not entirely unexpected. The necessities of European powers of the maintenance of their large armies and navies are perhaps a factor in their present action. The president and members of the cabinet feel that this government was right in protesting against exactions which might force China to the wall, and from the position taken by the United States there will be no retreat. The demands of the other powers are considered exorbitant and likely, if insisted upon, to result ultimately in the crippling or dismemberment of the empire. The United States will continue to urge this view at every opportunity. If the powers proceed alone and force China to accede to their demands, this government, of course, will accept the share of the indemnity assigned to it on the present basis. It can distribute such amount as is necessary to liquidate the claims of our citizens, and subsequently determine whether all the remainder should be retained by the government as its proper share. The United States is not in favor of the proposed scheme to raise and guarantee an international loan for China, out of the proceeds of which she can liquidate her indebtedness to the powers. The United States is willing to accept the bonds of China, without indorsement by any power, at 3 per cent interest, and thus make manifest to the world the sincerity of the American profession that the United States desires to help China to her feet and preserve her political integrity.

### Sympathy Resolution Defeated.

Brussels, May 28.—The senate by a vote of 37 to 221 rejected a resolution introduced by M. Lafontaine, socialist, declaring in favor of the Transvaal and regretting that Belgium was powerless to do anything in the matter.

The foreign minister replying to the accusations made during the debate that British soldiers had massacred Boer women and children and had otherwise ill treated the Boers, said Great Britain had carried civilization to all the countries of the world and had everywhere defended liberty of the person and of conscience.

### Kaiser Hates Reporters.

Berlin, May 27.—Emperor William has issued stringent orders henceforth to exclude newspaper reporters from all public and semi-public functions where the emperor intends to speak. He is further reported to have said that the utterances he makes when within the circle of his officers are not intended for the public, especially as he does not then mince matters, but talks confidentially.

### Much Mahogany Used.

Topeka, May 27.—Several thousand feet of mahogany was received at the shops last week, for use in finishing and repairing the interior of cars. Mahogany is the most expensive wood that is handled by the coach men. Other woods that are used to a large extent in finishing are birch, maple, walnut and quarter sawed oak.

### Cars to Move Wheat Crop.

Topeka, May 23.—The railroad officials are giving the board in detail the amount of their equipment and the number of new grain cars and engines purchased, leased or built since last year. "According to all reports coming in, the roads will be able to handle the wheat crop easily," said Railroad Commissioner Eike. "It is surprising how much the roads have increased their equipment during the past year. They certainly will have enough to move the crop in good shape."

### Boers Active Again.

Cape Town, May 22.—Eight hundred Boers have crossed the Orange river from the northwest and have reinforced the commandoes in the eastern districts.

The latest reliable reports locate Dewet near Philippolis, in the Orange river colony and not far from Cape line, with forty horsemen. All the commandoes in the Orange river colony have instructions to cross the river. Several British patrols have been ambushed.

### Arkansas City Gets It.

Topeka, May 28.—A. D. Walker, chairman of the Board of Railroad Commissioners, says it is settled that Arkansas City is to get the long-wanted road between that city and Fort Smith which will open up the coal fields and lumber districts of Arkansas and the Indian territory. Mr. Walker says he money has been secured for the completion of the line, and that work will begin as soon as certain coal leases are secured. The benefits of the line will not be confined to Arkansas City.

## DID A FULL DAY'S WORK.

The President Filled Every Appointment on the Program and Then Some.

San Francisco, May 25.—President McKinley had a busy day. First he received a delegation of federal officials; then an informal reception of twenty minutes followed. He then secured a place in which an old comrade who served in his regiment in the civil war, is provided for. He remarked that this was the first appointment he had asked for.

Later Mr. McKinley visited the Presidio where he reviewed the 45th and 46th regiments, just returned from the Philippines and made quite an extended speech to them.

The president then visited the general hospital, going through every sick ward, speaking words of cheer to the sick. In the afternoon the president was the guest of honor at a reception of the Union League Club, The Ohio Society of California, the Mexican War Veterans, Pioneers and Native Sons. At each reception the president responded briefly.

On his way to dinner the president stopped at Union square and, with a spade, marked the spot where the monument to the navy, in commemoration of Admiral Dewey's victory in Manila bay is to be erected. At night he attended a reception given in his honor by the G. A. R. posts of the city.

### Twelve Counties With Over a Million.

Topeka, May 28.—Wyandotte county still retains the lead in the value of railroad property. Crawford county is second. There are five counties in the state that have neither railroad, telegraph nor telephone property within their borders. They are Grant, Haskell, Morton, Stanton and Stevens, all located in southwestern Kansas. There are twelve Kansas counties in which the total Pulman, telegraph, telephone and railroad assessment exceeds a million dollars, according to figures made up in the office of the Auditor of State. They are here given in the order from highest amount to lowest:

Wyandotte, 1,897,563; Crawford, 1,560,909; Sedgwick, 1,384,436; Shawnee, 1,302,856; Johnson, 1,132,808; Sumner, 1,286,680; Leavenworth, 1,244,178; Labette, 1,216,723; Reno, 1,200,637; Butler, 1,146,593; Bourbon, 1,066,055; Dickinson, 1,019,345.

### Confederate Reunion.

Memphis, May 28.—The gates of the city have been thrown open to the old soldiers who are flocking in. The great reunion of the confederate veterans opened today for a three days' meeting. The finance committee raised \$100,000 to be expended for their entertainment and comfort.

A large building with a seating capacity of 16,000 has been erected on the bluffs overlooking the Mississippi river. Preparations have been made to feed free of cost 6,000 persons daily. There will be a grand floral parade and a brilliant fireworks display, while balls will be given in honor of the visiting sponsors and sons of veterans. The commander of the gunboat Scorpion, which is anchored in front of Memphis, announces that the veterans are cordially invited to visit Uncle Sam's fighting ship during the reunion.

### New York Tunnel Tied Up.

New York, May 27.—Work on the rapid transit tunnel is practically tied up. All skilled labor of every form was idle from One Hundred and Eighth street down to the city hall, and only diggers or ordinary laborers were doing anything in the tunnel at all. The strike arose out of a demand of the rock drillers for \$2.75 for an eight-hour day and 70 cents an hour for overtime. These demands were sent to the various subcontractors.

### Telephone Railroad Stations.

Topeka, May 23.—The Missouri Pacific Railway company proposes to try a new experiment to make things more convenient for its patrons and at the same time building up its own business. It intends to put in a system of telephones along its lines to connect a station that does not justify the employment of an agent with the nearest station that does. A phone station will be established at the siding and the key to the box will be left with the nearest family.

### Mayor Hughes Wins.

Topeka, May 23.—The supreme court reversed the decision of the district court in the Topeka mayoralty contest and installed J. W. F. Hughes, the Republican and law enforcement candidate, in the mayor's chair. He has been holding the office since the election on a certificate issued by the old council and this action by the supreme court makes the certificate legal.

Mayor Hughes has filed all the city appointive offices and the council confirmed the nominations.

### Eighty Years Old.

Washington, May 28.—Columbian university of Washington completes its eightieth year this month with 1,606 students in all branches and 191 officers, professors and instructors. A considerable number of the students are from foreign countries and a larger number from the Western states and territories. The Indian territory is represented by three students, Oklahoma by one, Kansas by twenty-four, Iowa by thirty, Missouri by eighteen, Nebraska by four.

## LIABLE FOR STATE TAXES.

The New Statute Does Not Relieve Counties From State Taxes.

### OPINION NULLIFIES THE LAW.

Topeka, May 27.—Assistant Attorney General B. H. Tracy has rendered an opinion which, if upheld by the supreme court, will require counties to pay the entire amount of state tax levied against them whether they collect it from the individual taxpayers or not. If the opinion is not upheld by the supreme court, then the state will lose \$500,000 in revenues this year, an average of \$100,000 a year in the future and the state treasurer will be compelled early in the fall to begin stamping warrants "not paid for want of funds."

The opinion was rendered on the Nottzger law passed at the last session of the legislature. On its face that law attempts to force the state to give counties credit for their proportion of all taxes compromised in the past and to be compromised in the future. It is estimated that at least \$500,000 would be lost to the state on account of past compromises. The counties would put in the claims at once and the state would be deprived of that much revenue. In the future it would not be such a hard blow, but it would necessitate a raise in the tax levy for state purposes.

The assistant attorney general holds that the law does not apply to compromises on state taxes, although the author framed it for that very purpose.

The opinion, which practically nullifies the law, was rendered in reply to a query from State Auditor George E. Cole.

### The Opening A Knotty Problem.

Washington, May 28.—While the officials of the interior department insist that the plan agreed upon for the opening will be carried out there is no disguising the fact that the law officers realize that they have a knotty problem to overcome and that if the case ever goes to the courts the opening of the country will at least be indefinitely postponed. In fact, some of the officials of the department admit that it will be difficult to maintain the position of the department and to enforce the congressional enactment.

### Wichita Next.

Topeka, May 28.—The next state soldiers' reunion will probably be held at Wichita. That town is the only applicant so far and Department Commander W. W. Martin stated that the encampment at Junction City would no doubt vote to send the reunion to Wichita. There are only two candidates for department commander now in the race—Farmer A. W. Smith, of McPherson, and Martin Norton, of Marshall county.

### Governor Nash Reaches Home.

Columbus, Ohio, May 28.—The special train on which Governor Nash and party traveled to San Francisco to attend the launching of the battleship Ohio, has arrived here. Governor Nash looked old and broken and was so weak that he had to be supported as he walked to his carriage. The governor himself said he would soon be all right, but his intimate friends express doubt of a speedy recovery.

### Important to Lot Owners.

Tacoma, Wash., May 27.—Judge Hanford of the United States court, handed down a decision in which he holds that an assessment to cover cost of street grading against property not abutting on the street to be graded and which is not benefited equally is unconstitutional and void.

### Cabinet Watching Cuba.

San Francisco, May 22.—The president and members of the cabinet are watching with interest the reports which the Cuban commission which visited Washington presented to the constitutional convention. Secretary Root has kept the president fully advised of the movements in Havana and the president is in communication with leading senators upon the subject. There is good reason to believe that the members of the cabinet here are satisfied with the developments.

### Best Bull in Six States.

Manhattan, May 23.—The Kansas agricultural college has received from the Minnesota College of Agriculture a pure bred four-year-old Short Horn bull which is the equal of any blooded beef animal ever brought to the state and is valued at \$1,000. He was selected by a committee of the regents as the best bull they found in a tour of six states. He will be used in teaching the 1,325 students the kind of a beef animal to select and breed to make the most money.

### Glanders at Leavenworth.

Leavenworth, May 28.—Glanders has broken out among the horses of this city and over a dozen have died. Veterinary surgeons from outside places came here and made an examination and pronounced the epidemic glanders. Mayor Ryan issued an order for closing all the public watering places for horses all over the city of Leavenworth.

The disease was brought here by cavalry horses purchased in an eastern state several months ago.

## KANSAS FLOURING MILLS.

Labor Commissioner's Report of their Production in 1900.

Topeka, May 28.—The state labor commissioner's report has a chapter on Kansas flouring mills which shows that the manufactured product of these mills in 1900 aggregated 1,473,275,025 pounds, of which 852,683,253 pounds was wheat flour. Sixty per cent of this wheat flour was retained in the state and consumed, 36 per cent went to other states and 8 per cent was exported. And yet only 24 per cent of the state's wheat yield was milled in the state, 76 per cent was shipped away to be ground. The United States produced 21 per cent of the whole wheat crop of the world and of this amount 15 1/2 per cent was grown in Kansas.

Kansas produced more than any other two large wheat growing states in the Union last year. Continuing, the deduction is made that if Kansas' total crop of wheat had been manufactured into flour it would have made 3,621,600,000 pounds or 72,000,000 fifty pound sacks; or nearly one fifty-pound sack of flour to every man, woman and child in the United States. In other words Kansas could have fed its own population for ten years. Had this been made into bread it would have baked 5,200,000,000 loaves. Placed side by side the loaves would make a continuous string extending 757,575 miles long, or thirty times around the earth. Loaded into cars it would make a solid train 3,600 miles in length—one that would reach from San Francisco to Chicago.

### Money Missed From Mail.

Kansas City, May 23.—A package containing \$8,000 in currency consigned by registered mail to the National Bank of Commerce to a bank at Great Bend, Kansas, has disappeared and detectives are working on the theory that it was stolen by a postal clerk. A postoffice employee in Kansas City is under surveillance. The money was in greenbacks. The package was registered here but sent by mistake to Larned, Kansas, instead of Great Bend. The mail pouch indicated that it had been tampered with.

### A Long And Useful Life Ends.

Wichita, May 23.—Judge Archibald Alexander Glenn, city treasurer of Wichita, and lieutenant governor of Illinois during the rebellion, died here after an illness of seven weeks. Besides being prominent in public life Judge Glenn was probably the oldest Mason in Kansas. He has been a member of the order for 49 years and for 34 years a thirty-second degree Mason. Judge Glenn was 82 years old and has resided in Wichita since 1881.

### Shop Bonds O. K.

Topeka, May 23.—The decision of the supreme court in the Topeka mayoralty case has settled the contention as to the legality of the \$40,000 Santa Fe aid bonds voted at the same election and the local banks will now advance the money and wait until the bonds can be negotiated for their pay. This means that Topeka will get the new shops to cost \$500,000 and to employ 2,500 mechanics.

### Kiowa And Comanche Allotments.

Washington, May 22.—A schedule of 500 allotments of land on the Kiowa and Comanche reservations, which is a prerequisite to the opening, brings the total of the allotments received here up to 2,200. There are 800 more allotments to be made. Work is also progressing on the Wichita reservation.

### Commercial Congress Called.

Cripple Creek, Colo., May 27.—The official call for the twelfth session of the trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress to be held in this city July 16 to 20, has been issued by E. R. Moses of Great Bend, Kansas, chairman of the executive committee.

### Wyoming Arapahoes.

Lander, Wyo., May 23.—Six hundred Arapahoes have defied the authority of the agent, Captain Nickerson, who has refused them permission to hold their annual sun dance and denied them passes. Trouble has been brewing for some time from other sources, such as the late orders giving them rations but a month instead of weekly as heretofore, and the failure of the government to issue seed grain. The agent has applied for troops, as he is fearful of a clash.

### Woodmen of the World.

Columbus, O., May 22.—The Sovereign camp, Woodmen of the World, decided that in the future if a member engage in the liquor business he shall be expelled, and camps refusing to take this action shall have their charters revoked. Heretofore the executive committee has been empowered to revoke actions of the sovereign camp, but it was decided that in the future their acts must be confirmed by a two-thirds vote of the sovereign body in such cases.

### Standing Trip Very Well.

Washington, May 28.—The following dispatch was received at the White House from Secretary Cortelyou: "Wells, Nev.—Dr. Rixey reports that Mrs. McKinley had a very comfortable night. She is standing the trip very well."

Ogden, Utah.—A heavy rain storm swept over Utah ahead of the presidential special train. Mrs. McKinley had passed a comfortable night crossing the Sierras. The train is expected to reach Chicago this afternoon.